

Goal of the game of billiards, billiards, pool - OSMIČKA

Eight is a game in which white and 15 color spheres are used. They are numbered from 1 to 15. They are divided into so-called. whole and half are numbered from 1 to 7, and half are numbered from 9 to 15. Ball number 8 (black ball) is final and serves to end the game. Hr, which sinks the balls of its type (full, half) before and then sinks the ball number 8 out.

HI the shot at the billiards

In game type 8, you need to play individual balls and pockets, but this is not necessary if you are playing the so-called "unambiguous stroke. Struts over the mantinel and combinations are not considered unambiguous and therefore care should be taken to see the color of the ball and the intended pocket where the ball will go. There is no need to report details such as number of coats, reflections, touching spells, Each ball is sunk in the wrong way (the foul) is left in the pocket, regardless of whether it belongs to an opponent or a player who has fouled. The start-up shot is not considered to be a hit. The Hr, which is on the splinter, can continue with the next shot until it has sunk any color ball.

Layout of gouls during the game

The balls are placed in a triangle at the top of the table, with the ball number 8 in the center of the triangle. The first ball of the shape at the back, with a half ball in one corner and with the whole in the other.

Billiard - "game of eight" - goulash

The winner of the spill can spread. In the eighth, the winner of each game strengthens the game n following, unless otherwise specified in the rules of the organization. It can be set otherwise, for example: hr or alternate in the streaming, the defeated shot shuffles, the hurdles with the worse score of the won games

The leg shook

For leg shooters, it is necessary to play with the white balls either: sink at least one ball or play at least four numbered spheres on the coat. If he has not been able to shake so that he fulfills at least one of the possibilities of the leg, it is a foul. Opp M {accept table in 2

positions and continue the game or request a reset of the ball and to take the initial shots, respectively. to allow the opponent to repeat the shot (this possibility is somewhere inappropriate, since it would be a rather nonsensical move).

Sinking a white sphere with a proper spatter

If the whistle sinks a white ball at the spatter (1), all sunken spheres will be sunk (except "8"), (2) it is a foul, (3) the table is open. The alternating hand can play from the hand in the head and must not play on the target ball that is in the head until it has been blown before the white line and the white is then turned away from the head to hit the target ball.

Colorful balls kicked out of the table at the break

If the ball throws a color ball off the table, it is a foul and the alternating hand can: (1) accept the position that has (2) played from the hand from the head

Sphere number 8 is sunk {Spread if the splinter has shed the sphere number 8, the sprinter can spur a new shot or place the sphere on its point to continue the game. If, at the same time, the 8th ball sinks white, the alternating throws the possibility of re-casting or spurring the ball number 8 on its point and pulling out of the hand from the head.



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### Open table and billiards

The table is open if there has not been selected {group (cel {or half {}}. If the table is open, it is allowed to play over half the ball and vice versa. The table is always open after the shot. If a table is open, it is permitted to initially engage any wholly or half-round in the sweating process of the whole or half sphere. However, if the table is open and the ball number 8 is hit first, it is a foul and no full half is not added to the throw. The ball on the shot goes up to its rank, and the alternating hand takes the white ball into the hand. All sunken balls stay in pockets and alternate hours of open table. With the open table, all the unduly sunken balls in the pockets remain. 3

### Choosing a sphere type

The selection of half or whole balls is not determined by the shoot, even if the sunken balls belong to one or both groups. The table is always open immediately after shredding. The selection of the group is determined only when the spherical ball is sinking after the shot. When the bands are determined and the hurdle flawlessly hits and sinks the ball from the opposing group, the opponent must turn his foul before the next ball is played. When he forgets this, he will automatically take his {\ crql \ 's {\ crquo} {\ crq} {\ crql \ 's {\ crquo} as his own group of balls to last play in the ongoing run.

### Riadny strk

At each shot (except for the spread and when the table is open), the thrower must first hit one of its group's (type) and (1) sink the numbered ball or (2) or some {numbered {ball contacted the mantinel. For Balls: It is allowed that the shooter throws the white ball out of the mantinel before contacting its color ball, and even after contact with its own color ball, the ball must be sunk or white or some The {spoked ball must contact the mantinel. Violation of this requirement is classified as foul.

### Strk for sure

For tactical reasons, it is time to choose to sink a bright colored ball, while ending up on a table with a "safety" stroke. The lock for security is defined as a regular stroke. If he wants to play for sure when sinking a bright colored ball, then before playing, he has to find his opponent confident. If he does not find and some of his gullies are

sinking, he is obliged to continue with another shot. All balls sunk in the shield are sunk.

#### Billiard pointing

He is restrained to continue the strike until he / she fails to defeat his / her squad. After he sank all the balls out of his group, the ball number 8 4

#### Series in the game of billiards, billiards, pool

Sinking a white or a foul does not mean losing a game playing on a ball number 8 if the ball number 8 was not sunk, nor did it jump out of the table. The alternating hand throws the hand. The strick on the combination can never be used for the illegal sinking of spheres number 8, except that ball number 8 was the first hit ball in the series of shots.

#### Failures and penalties

When playing on a billiard table, it is not possible to touch the hand with the ball, it can only touch the tongue. If the ball touches the color ball in another way, for example, by the side, the boot, the part of the limb, the garment, or otherwise it is a foul.

#### Penalty for foul

Your opponent's hand. This means that the hr can place the white ball anywhere on the table (it does not have to play from the head except for the initial spread). This rule prevents the ball from making a foul, which could put the opponent in a disadvantage. When you roll out your hand, you can use your hand or any part of your t-ball to place the white ball. After the white ball is placed, there will be any movement that contacts the white ball considered to be a foul unless it is a proper billiard stroke.

#### Struts in combination

Combination strings are permitted. Even so, sphere number 8 may not be used {first. If such contact appears, it is a foul.

#### Illegal sinking of spheres

The color ball is considered to be unduly sunk if (1) the ball has been sunk in the same stroke as the missile or (2) the ball has not been sunk into the correct pocket or (3) before the shield was safe. Illicitly sunk balls are stacked in pockets and counted in favor of the amount to which the balls belong. 5

#### Colorful balls tossed out of the table

If some of the colorful balls are thrown from the table or from the table, jumps, fouls, and thus loses the order. However, if there is a ball number 8, the game ends and the opponents will win. No bouncy {colorful {sphere does not return to the table.

#### Failure to jump or curl

Since the "white ball foul" rule is the rule of the game that is not judged by the referee, you should be aware that a stroke will be considered a foul of a white ball if, while attempting to jump, a whirlwind of a white ball through or around a shot. The ball, which is not a proper sphere, moves this bouncing ball (whether by hand, tongue or rake).

Playing balls number 8

Sinking a white or a foul does not mean a loss of play when playing on a ball number 8. The alternating hand throws a hand. The combine can not be used as a sinking ball 8.

Patov {game

If after three consecutive rounds at the table, the referee decides that the attempt to sink or move the color ball will cause the game to be lost, the balls will be drawn to the original shape on the table, and the new shot will be transferred to the shooter. The heeled rule can be used regardless of the number of goals on the table. 3 consecutive fouls mean a loss of play.

Billiard and losing

Hr {prehr {if it makes one of the following errors:

- when the ball number 8 falls into your pocket
- when the ball sinks ball number 8 with the last stroke on its ball
- If the ball spins the number 8 ball out of the table
- If a ball is played at the 8th round,
- If he sinks the ball number 8 before it can be pulled or the stroke is not completed
- If the opponent pulls one of the goules out of his pocket before the end
- Before the blow, he can move the ball from his pocket to another pocket, but he must notify the referee of the move, otherwise it may be classified as a game.